

Japan Fund for Information and Communication Technology

Annual Report 2010





Japan Fund for **Information and Communication** Technology

Annual Report 2010

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Note:

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ABBREVIATIONS

Asian Development Bank developing member country information and communication technology Japan Fund for Information and Communication Technology ADB DMC

ICT

JFICT

I. INTRODUCTION

1. This annual report on the Japan Fund for Information and Communication Technology (JFICT) covers January to December 2010. It describes JFICT's background and rationale, implementation progress, and achievements.

II. BACKGROUND

- 2. Countries that bridge the digital divide—transforming themselves from information-poor to information-rich countries by harnessing information and communication technology (ICT)—can look forward to faster economic growth and improvements in human welfare and governance. The JFICT was established in July 2001 to help the developing member countries (DMCs) of the Asian Development Bank (ADB) improve their ICT capacities, and thereby accelerate social and economic development, improve governance, and reduce poverty in Asia and the Pacific.
- 3. The JFICT (i) supports ICT-related activities in DMCs that promote ADB's poverty reduction strategy and related development aims, (ii) encourages private sector participation in ICT development, and (iii) improves regional and international cooperation through ICT applications.
- 4. The JFICT supports activities that cannot normally be financed through ADB loans and credit mechanisms. The fund finances (i) the purchase of ICT equipment and services, (ii) software development, (iii) technical assistance, and (iv) the development of equity and/or fund investment approaches. Typical activities include the following:
 - (i) Creation or improvement of an environment in DMCs conducive to ICT development, such as policy initiatives to develop ICT infrastructure and human resource capacity (e.g., the JFICT could be used to assess the readiness of DMCs for ICT, improve policies and systems, and enhance human resources).
 - (ii) Establishment of a center for learning, information, communication, and knowledge for Asia and the Pacific.
- 5. In October 2001, the Government of Japan contributed ¥1.27 billion (about \$10 million) to the JFICT. The JFICT's audited financial statements as of 31 December 2010 are in Appendix 1.

III. OVERVIEW OF OPERATIONS

- 6. JFICT financing totaling \$10.43 million has been approved for 13 projects. The JFICT provided a total of \$0.68 million for two grant projects in 2002. Six projects for a total of \$6.35 million were approved in 2004, followed by three projects in 2005 with funding of \$2.43 million. In 2006, two projects were approved for a total of \$0.97 million.
- 7. The original contribution of \$10 million to JFICT by the Government of Japan has been fully committed. ADB continues to administer the remaining funds from the JFICT's investment income to support project administration costs, such as the cost of supervision missions and the hiring of staff consultants.

- In 2010, one project was physically completed: (i) Upgrading of ICT and MIS at the 8. Agriculture Promotion Bank.¹ Two projects were financially completed: (i) Asian Bonds Online Website; (ii) and Developing Philippines Business Registry.² Two projects are expected to be financially completed in 2011.
- 9. The status of implementation of the JFICT projects is in Appendix 2, and the JFICT disbursement report by ADB's Controllers Department is in Appendix 3.

(i) JFICT 9096 (Lao People's Democratic Republic).
 (i) JFICT 9041 (Regional); (i) JFICT 9070 (Philippines).

Appendix 1

JAPAN FUND FOR INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY 2010 AUDIT REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JAPAN FUND FOR INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ADMINISTERED BY ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 AND 2009

JAPAN FUND FOR INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ADMINISTERED BY ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 AND 2009

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Asian Development Bank - Administrator for Japan Fund for Information and Communication Technology

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial position of Japan Fund for Information and Communication Technology (JFICT) administered by the Asian Development Bank (ADB) (the Administrator) as of 31 December 2010 and 2009, and the related statement of activities and changes in net assets and statement of cash flows, for each of the years in the two-year period ended 31 December 2010. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Administrator's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the Administrator's management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of JFICT as of 31 December 2010 and 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended 31 December 2010 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Public Accountants and Certified Public Accountants

Debortte Douche Les

Singapore 15 June 2011

JAPAN FUND FOR INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (Asian Development Bank - Administrator)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2010 and 2009

Expressed in United States Dollars

	 2010		2009
ASSETS			
DUE FROM BANKS	\$ 37,566	\$	53,738
SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER RESALE ARRANGEMENT (Notes C and G)	3,802,127		3,678,103
ADVANCES UNDER TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE	16,250		402,726
ACCRUED REVENUE	 5		6
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,855,948	\$	4,134,573
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
INTERFUND PAYABLE (Note D)	\$ 6,263	\$	3,597
ACCRUED EXPENSES	6,263		6,097
UNDISBURSED COMMITMENTS (Notes E and G)	 213,232		1,196,226
TOTAL LIABILITIES	225,758		1,205,920
UNCOMMITTED BALANCES (Note F) Unrestricted net assets	 3,630,190		2,928,653
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND UNCOMMITTED BALANCES	\$ 3,855,948	\$	4,134,573

JAPAN FUND FOR INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (Asian Development Bank - Administrator)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the Years Ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

Expressed in United States Dollars

	2010	2009
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS		
REVENUE From investments Interest income - Securities purchased under resale arrangement	\$ 2,224	\$ 3,194
TOTAL REVENUE	2,224	3,194
EXPENSES Technical assistance, net (Note E) Administrative expenses	(243,241) 14,383	(592,909) 19,587
Total	(228,858)	(573,322)
EXCHANGE (LOSS) GAIN, NET	(1,798)	1,435
TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENTS	472,253	(117,016)
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS	701,537	460,935
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,928,653	2,467,718
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,630,190	\$ 2,928,653

JAPAN FUND FOR INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (Asian Development Bank - Administrator)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended 31 December 2010 and 2009

Expressed in United States Dollars

	 2010		2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest income received from securities purchased under resale arrangement Technical assistance disbursed Administrative expenses paid	\$ 2,224 (350,419) (14,217)	\$	3,208 (914,324) (16,515)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	(362,412)		(927,631)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of investment securities Maturities of investment securities	(904,581,316) 904,927,556	,	1,010,264,159) 1,011,234,040
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	 346,240		969,881
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Due from Banks	 		(5,352)
Net (Decrease) Increase In Due From Banks	(16,172)		36,898
Due From Banks At Beginning Of Year	 53,738		16,840
Due From Banks At End Of Year	\$ 37,566	\$	53,738
RECONCILIATION OF INCREASE IN NET ASSETS TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Increase in net assets Adjustments to reconcile (decrease) increase in net assets to net cash used in operating activities:	\$ 701,537	\$	460,935
Translation adjustments Change in advances under technical assistance grant Change in accrued revenue	(472,253) 386,568		117,016 12,602 14
Change in accrued revenue Change in interfund payable Change in accrued expenses	4,564 166		2,989 3,073
Change in undisbursed commitments	 (982,994)		(1,524,260)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (362,412)	\$	(927,631)

JAPAN FUND FOR INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (Administered by Asian Development Bank)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2010 and 2009

NOTE A - NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Japan Fund for Information and Communication Technology (JFICT) was established on 31 July 2001 when the Government of Japan and the Asian Development Bank (ADB) entered into a financial arrangement whereby the Government of Japan agreed to make an initial contribution and ADB became the administrator. Its primary objective is to assist developing member countries to bridge the digital divide, thereby reducing poverty in Asia and the Pacific. While JFICT's resources are used mainly to finance information and communication technology related activities, these resources may also be used for investment operations. Under the agreement between ADB and the Government of Japan, ADB may invest the proceeds of JFICT pending disbursement. The revenue from such investments may be used to cover the direct and identifiable costs incurred in the administration of JFICT.

The contributions received by JFICT have been substantially committed and the projects are now under implementation. In accordance with the agreement with the Government of Japan, JFICT's performance will be reviewed upon completion of the projects. When the arrangements of the JFICT terminate, the use of any residual funds, including investment income of such funds will be determined in consultation between the Japanese Government and ADB.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Presentation of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of JFICT are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and are presented on the basis of those for not-for-profit organizations.

JFICT reports donor's contribution of cash as unrestricted asset as it is made available to JFICT without conditions other than for the purpose of pursuing the objective of JFICT.

Functional and Reporting Currency

The Japanese yen is the functional currency of JFICT representing the currency of the primary economic operating environment of JFICT. The reporting currency is the United States dollar, and the financial statements are presented in United States dollar.

Translation of Currencies

Assets, liabilities, and uncommitted balances are translated from the functional currency to the reporting currency at the applicable rates of exchange at the end of a reporting period. Contributions included in the financial statements during the year are recognized at the applicable exchange rates as of the respective dates of commitment. Translation adjustments are recorded as translation adjustments account and included in changes in net assets.

ADB adopts the use of daily exchange rates for accounting and financial reporting purposes. This allows revenue and expense transactions denominated in non-US dollars to be translated to the reporting currency using exchange rates applicable at the time of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currency other than Japanese yen are translated into Japanese yen at year-end exchange rates. The translation adjustments are recorded as exchange gains or losses and included in the changes in net assets.

Investments

All investment securities held by JFICT are reported at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in revenue.

Time deposits are reported at cost which is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Interest income on investment securities and time deposits are recognized as earned and reported net of amortizations of premium and discounts.

Securities Purchased under Resale Arrangements

JFICT accounts for transfers of financial assets in accordance with ASC 860, "Transfers and Servicing." In general, transfers are accounted for as sales under ASC 860 when control over the transferred assets has been relinquished. Otherwise, the transfers are accounted for as repurchase/resale arrangements and collateralized financing arrangements. Securities purchased under resale arrangement are recorded as assets and are not re-pledged.

Technical Assistance and Undisbursed Commitments

Technical Assistance (TA) is recognized in the financial statements when the project is approved and becomes effective. Upon completion or cancellation of a TA project, any undisbursed amount is written back as a reduction in the TA for the year and the corresponding undisbursed commitment is eliminated.

Advances are provided from technical assistance funds to the executing agency or co-operating institution for the purpose of making payments for eligible expenses for technical assistance projects. The advances are subject to liquidation and charged against undisbursed commitment. Any unutilized portion is required to be returned to JFICT.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires ADB's management to make reasonable estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and uncommitted balances as at the end of the year and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. The actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting and Reporting Developments

In December 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2009-16, "Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860) – Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets." This update addresses the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial reports about transfers of financial assets including; the effects of a transfer on its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows; and a transferor's continuing involvement in transferred assets. This update is applicable at the start of an entity's first fiscal year beginning after 15 November 2009, or 1 January 2010 for entities reporting earnings on a calendar-year basis.

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-06, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820)- Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements." ASU 2010-06 amends ASC 820 to add new disclosure requirements for transfers in and out of Levels 1 and 2 measurements and separate disclosures about gross purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements relating to Level 3 measurements. It also clarifies existing fair value disclosure requirements about the level of disaggregation and about inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value. ASU 2010-06 is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after 31 December 2009 except for the requirement to provide the Level 3 activity of gross purchases, sales, issuances and settlements, which will be effective for fiscal years beginning after 15 December 2010 and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The application of updates for levels 1 and 2 did not have a material impact on JFICT's 31 December 2010 financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, JFICT considers that its cash and cash equivalents are limited to "DUE FROM BANKS".

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS

The main investment management objective is to maintain security and liquidity. Subject to these parameters, ADB seeks the highest possible return on its investments. Investments are governed by the Investment Authority approved by ADB's Board of Directors in 1999, and reviewed in 2006. The review endorsed a portfolio approach that is largely consistent with the 1999 approach.

The annualized rate of return on average investments held during the year, including receivable for securities purchased under resale arrangement, based on the portfolio held at the beginning and end of each month was 0.06% (0.08% - 2009).

NOTE D - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions pertain to administrative and operational expenses advanced by ADB's ordinary capital resources (OCR). As of 31 December 2010, \$6,263 (\$3,597 – 2009) was payable to OCR which is reported under "INTERFUND PAYABLE".

The interfund payable as at 31 December 2010 was subsequently settled on 28 January 2011 while balance as at 31 December 2009 was subsequently settled on 29 January 2010.

NOTE E - UNDISBURSED COMMITMENTS

Undisbursed commitments are denominated in United States dollars and represent effective TA projects which are not yet disbursed as at the end of the year.

During 2010, \$243,241 (\$592,909 – 2009) representing completed TA project was written back as a reduction in technical assistance for the period, and the corresponding undisbursed commitment was eliminated.

The fair value of undisbursed commitments approximates the amounts outstanding because JFICT expects that disbursements will be made for all projects covered by the commitments.

NOTE F - CONTRIBUTIONS AND UNCOMMITTED BALANCES

There were no contributions made to JFICT for 2010 and 2009.

Uncommitted balances comprise amounts which have not been committed by JFICT as of 31 December 2010 and 2009.

There are no approved TA projects that are not yet effective for 2010 and 2009.

NOTE G - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability at measurement date (exit price) in an orderly transaction among willing participants with an assumption that the transaction takes place in the entity's principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The most advantageous market is the market where the sale of the asset or transfer of liability would maximize the amount received for the asset or minimize the amount paid to transfer the liability. The fair value measurement is not adjusted for transaction cost.

ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), next priority to observable market inputs or market corroborated data (Level 2), and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs without market corroborated data (Level 3). ASC 820 requires the fair value measurement to maximize the use of market observable inputs.

The fair value of the following financial assets of JFICT as at 31 December 2010 and 2009 were reported based on the following:

Description	31 December 2010	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets				***************************************
Securities repurchased under resale arrangements	\$ 3,802,127	\$ -	\$ 3,802,127	<u> </u>
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs
Description	31 December 2009	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Assets				
Securities repurchased under resale arrangements	\$ 3,678,103	\$ -	\$ 3,678,103	\$

See Notes C and E for discussions relating to investments and undisbursed commitments. In all other cases, the carrying amounts of the JFICT's assets, liabilities and uncommitted balances are considered to approximate fair values for all significant financial instruments.

NOTE H - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

JFICT has evaluated subsequent events after 31 December 2010 through 15 June 2011 the date these Financial Statements are available for issuance. As a result of this evaluation, there are no subsequent events, as defined that require recognition or disclosure in the JFICT's Financial Statement as of 31 December 2010.

JAPAN FUND FOR INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY Grants and Implementation Status As of 31 December 2010

	JFICT	Title	Sector	Grant (\$ million)	Approval of the Government of Japan	ADB Approval	Implementation Status ^a	Objective
⋠ ≓	A. Viet Nam 1. 9020	Electronic Health Insurance Membership Card Project	Health	0.50	30 July 2002	12 September 2002	٧	Facilitate the expansion of health insurance to provide timelier and better health care services to the rural poor.
m %	B. Regional 2. 9029	Development of a Business Plan for CLICK	Cross-cutting, knowledge management	0.18	22 October 2002	19 December 2002	A (ADB is the EA, no LOA required)	Share ADB and ADBI's extensive body of development knowledge in Asia and the Pacific with DMCs, and development partners.
က်	9041	Asian Bonds Online Website	Finance	2.40	26 December 2003	16 January 2004	A (ADB is the EA, no LOA required)	Establish a one-stop clearinghouse of information on sovereign and corporate bonds issued in the member countries of ASEAN plus PRC, Japan, and Republic of Korea (ASEAN + 3).
4.	9047	Improving Poor Farmers' Livelihoods Through Rice Information Technology	Human development	1.00	3 February 2004	4 June 2004	∢	Improve food security and livelihood of poor farmers in the GMS through wider application of agricultural information accessible to all farmers.

Objective	Support the participating countries in revitalizing and sustaining economic cooperation by establishing institutional and technical infrastructure for quantitative planning and monitoring.	Reduce poverty, empower communities, and improve the quality of life in rural areas in Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, and Nepal through increased ICT connectivity and accessibility.	Reduce poverty in a sustainable way by bridging the digital divide between Lao PDR's technologydeficient banking system and other countries in the region.	Enable the Agriculture Promotion Bank to be fully integrated in the Lao PDR banking system, and meet its reporting requirements to the Bank of Lao PDR (the central bank).
Implementation Status ^a	A (ADB is the EA, no LOA required)	∢	∢	∢
ADB Approval	2 July 2004	5 July 2005	22 June 2004	17 August 2006
Approval of the Government of Japan	7 May 2004	31 May 2005	12 February 2004	21 June 2004
Grant (\$ million)	0.30	1.00	0.65	0.47
Sector	Trade and Finance	Transport and Communication, Agriculture and Natural Resources, Education	Finance	Finance
Title	Developing a Database on Cross-Border Trade and Investment in BIMP-EAGA	Empowering the Rural Area through Community e-Center under the SASEC Program	Lao People's Democratic Republic 3050 Banking Automation to Support Outreach, Efficiency, and Governance	Upgrading of ICT and MIS at the Agriculture Promotion Bank
JFICT	9051	ŏ	o ,	9606
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	JFICT	Title	Sector	Grant (\$ million)	Approval of the Government of Japan	ADB Approval	Implementation Status ^a	Objective
o o	Mongolia 9044	a Information and Communication Technology for Innovating Rural Education	Education	1.00	3 February 2004	6 April 2004	⋖	Increase access to and learner achievement in high-quality, locally responsive basic, and nonformal education for disadvantaged rural populations in Mongolia.
0.	9053	ICT for Improving Rural Health Services in Mongolia (IIRHS)	Health	1.00	21 June 2004	2 August 2004	⋖	Improve access to and quality of health services for vulnerable groups in rural communities, especially poor mothers and children. The purpose is to demonstrate the feasibility of introducing a basic ICT network to reduce infant and maternal mortality at the primary health care (PHC) level.
щ Е	Philippines 9070 E	es Developing Philippine Business Registry	Government, Finance & Trade	0.70	31 May 2005	30 August 2005	⋖	Develop a web-based business registration system to cover all legal business establishments under different authorities and a service tool for facilitating trade and business development among them.

JFICT	Title	Sector	Grant (\$ million)	Approval of the Government of Japan	ADB Approval	Implementation Status ^a	Objective
12. 9087	Supporting Information Sharing and Exchange Among Civil Servants	Law, Economic Management, and Public Policy	0.50	14 November 2005	14 March 2006	⋖	Empower third-level executives in performing their functions through networking with their peers and greater sharing of information, data, and experiences.
G. Indonesia	ssia Support for the Local	Governance	0.73	14 November	23	٥	Effectively provide public
2000	Government Performance Measurement System			2005	December 2005	C	collection, analysis, use, and dissemination of data on government capacity, development status, and performance support.
		Total	10.43				

Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines - East ASEAN Growth Area; CLICK = Center for learning, information, communication, and knowledge for Asia and the Pacific; DMC = developing member country; EA = executing agency; GMS = Greater Mekong Subregion; JFICT = Japan Fund for Information and Communication Technology; Lao PDR = Lao People's Democratic Republic; LOA = letter of agreement; MIS = management information system; PRC = People's Republic of ADB = Asian Development Bank; ADBI = Asian Development Bank Institute; ASEAN = Association of Southeast Asian Nation; BIMP-EAGA = Brunei Darussalam,

China; SASEC = South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation
^aA = physically completed; B = LOA signed and implementation started; C = LOA signed but implementation has not started; D = LOA not yet signed. Source(s): JFICT Database. Manila: Asian Development Bank (as of 31 December 2010).

JAPAN FUND FOR INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY Status of Disbursements

(As of 31 December 2010)

				(AS OI	(As of 51 December 2010)	ei 20 iu)							
NO.	Country	Date of Approval	LOA Signing Date	Closing Date	% Time Elapsed ^a	Grant Approved (\$ million)	Amount Disbursed	% Disbursed	<u> </u>	St mple 31 D	Status of Implementation (31 Dec. 2010) ^b	of tatio 010)	c .
									`∢	m	ပ	۵	ш
9020	Viet Nam	12 Sep 02	16 Feb 04	31 Dec 06	100.00	0.50	416,351.50	83.27	\triangleright				
9029	Regional	19 Dec 02	19 Dec 02	31 Dec 05	100.00	0.18	167,685.61	93.16	\triangleright				
9041	Regional	16 Jan 04	ADB is the EA, no LOA required.	30 Jun 08	100.00	2.40	2,382,539.81	99.27	\triangleright				
9044	Mongolia	06 Apr 04	23 Apr 04	31 Jul 06	100.00	1.00	880,530.42	88.05	\triangleright				
9047	Regional	04 Jun 04	19 Nov 04	19 Nov 08	100.00	1.00	817,320.41	81.73	\triangleright				
9050	Lao, People's Democratic Republic	22 Jun 04	11 Oct 04	11 Oct 08	100.00	0.65	403,406.43	62.06	\triangleright				
9051	Regional	02 Jul 04	ADB is the EA, no LOA required.	31 Dec 07	100.00	0.30	214,480.67	71.49	\triangleright				
9053	Mongolia	02 Aug 04	23 Aug 04	31 Jul 08	100.00	1.00	957,100.97	95.71	\triangleright				
8906	Regional	05 Jul 05	05 Jul 05	31 Dec 09	100.00	1.00	861,008.19	86.10					\triangleright
9070	Philippines	30 Aug 05	27 Mar 06	31 Dec 09	100.00	0.70	474,219.59	67.75	\triangleright				
9082	Indonesia	22 Dec 05	18 Dec 06	31 May 09	100.00	0.73	694,782.05	95.18	\triangleright				
2806	Philippines	14 Mar 06	03 Aug 06	03 Feb 08	100.00	0.50	103,598.70	20.72	\triangleright				
9606	Lao, People's Democratic Republic	17 Aug 06	06 Mar 07	30 Sep 10	79.06	0.47	397,760.00	84.27					$oldsymbol{\Sigma}$

EA = Executing Agency; JFICT = Japan Fund for Information and Communication Technology; LOA = Letter of Agreement

aNo. of months elapsed from LOA signing/total months

bA = Completed and financially closed; B = LOA signed and implementation already started; C = LOA signed but implementation has not started yet; D = LOA not yet signed; E = Others (please briefly specify, e.g., problems/issues to be flagged); Physically completed but not yet financially closed.

Source(s): JFICT Database; Controller's Department. 2010. Statement of TA Expenditures - JFICT. Manila: ADB

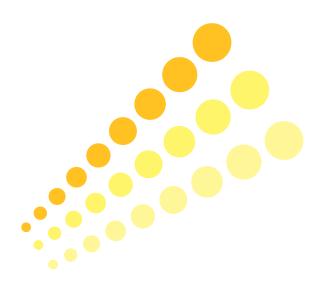
Japan Fund for Information and Communication Technology

The Japan Fund for Information and Communication Technology, established by the Government of Japan and the Asian Development Bank (ADB) in July 2001, aimed to help ADB's developing member countries improve their ICT capacities, and thus accelerate social and economic development, improve governance, and reduce poverty in the Asia and Pacific region. From a contribution of about \$10 million from the Government of Japan, the fund was able to support 13 projects which are now all physically completed.

About the Asian Development Bank

ADB's vision is an Asia and Pacific region free of poverty. Its mission is to help its developing member countries reduce poverty and improve the quality of life of their people. Despite the region's many successes, it remains home to two-thirds of the world's poor: 1.8 billion people who live on less than \$2 a day, with 903 million struggling on less than \$1.25 a day. ADB is committed to reducing poverty through inclusive economic growth, environmentally sustainable growth, and regional integration.

Based in Manila, ADB is owned by 67 members, including 48 from the region. Its main instruments for helping its developing member countries are policy dialogue, loans, equity investments, guarantees, grants, and technical assistance.



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